CENTER FOR RECONSTRUCTIVE URETHRAL SURGERY

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Summer Meeting of The Norwegian Association of Urology



Bergen - Norway May 31 – June 2, 2012

Reconstructive Surgery in Urethral Stricture

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FROM THE DEPARTMENT OF SURGERY (HEAD: PROFESSOR J. HELLSTRÖM), KAROLINSKA SJUKHUSET AND THE DEPARTMENT OF HISTOLOGY (HEAD: PROFESSOR G. HÄGGQVIST) KAROLINSKA INSTITUTET, STOCKHOLM, SWEDEN.

RECONSTRUCTION OF THE MALE URETHRA IN STRICTURES

Application of the Buried Intact Epithelium Technic

By

BENGT JOHANSON

STOCKHOLM 1953

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Metanalysis review

Guidelines

Consensus Conferences



EUROPEAN UROLOGY 54 (2008) 709-711

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European Association of Urology

Editorial

Can Reconstructive Urethral Surgery Proceed Without Randomised Controlled Trials?

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What has history taught us? The history of urethral reconstruction is based on observational studies that appear today to be disarming in their apparent ease. In 1968, Orandi introduced the concept of penile skin flap urethroplasty, publishing a paper consisting merely of two pages and two black and white figures and that lacked any outcome assessment [10]. Oral mucosa has become the most popular substitute material in the treatment of urethral strictures, as it is readily available and easily harvested from the cheek, lip, or tongue, allowing for a concealed donor site scar and low oral morbidity [11–14]. Unfortunately, all the papers that have contributed to the widespread use of the oral mucosa graft are retrospective, not prospective, and they are not RCTs.

Urethral surgery for stricture repair is performed on a small sample size and, for this reason, the focus tends to be on the comparison of different techniques in homogeneous groups rather than prospective, randomised design studies. What does homogenous mean? It means that a technique used for penile urethra repair cannot be compared with a technique used for bulbar urethra repair.

Eur Urol, 2008, 54: 709-711

Urological literature on urethral stricture

Few prospective, randomized studies

No homogeous series of patients

Small sample size – no statistical significance

No reliable data from developing countries

Personal opinion of high-volume surgeon from high-volume Center for Urethral Surgery

Data published in peer review scientific Journals

Data fully available and updated in our website every year



The Team



Salvatore Sansalone



Sofia Balò

Giuseppe Romano

Oral mucosa



Oral mucosa: harvesting sites



Harvesting site from the lip: visible to the naked eye



Negative aesthetic consequences

Unsatisfactory post-operative patient acceptance

Oral mucosa: surgical technique







Two surgical teams work simultaneously

Oral mucosa: surgical technique



Appropriate mouth retractor

Only one assistant is needed to harvest the oral graft



Oral mucosa: surgical technique







One-stage techniques: ovoidal graft shape

Oral mucosa: surgical technique







Staged techniques: rectangular graft shape

Oral mucosal grafts

right cheek	5 x 2.5 cm
left cheek	5 x 2.5 cm
tongue	4 x 2.5 cm
	4 x 2.5 cm



18 cm x 2.5 cm



The oral mucosa is the best material for urethral

reconstruction

Harvesting site



Harvesting site







Skin >> visible to the naked eye

aesthetic consequences **psychological sequelae**

Oral mucosa: biological characteristics

Easy to adapt for any type of urethroplasty





One-stage penile urethroplasty



Minimally invasive technique using oral graft







One-stage technique







One-stage technique





One-stage technique





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Two-stage penile urethroplasty



Minimally invasive techniqus using oral graft











Staged urethroplasty (first stage - Johanson)





Staged urethroplasty (second stage)





Staged urethroplasty (second stage)
Penile urethroplasty





Staged urethroplasty (second stage)

Penile urethroplasty









Simple lithotomy position







Allen stirrups with sequential inflatable compression sleeves





NO

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Pre-operative urethroscopy



Insert Sensor guide wire



Insert Sensor guide wire



Inject methylene blue inside the urethra

(G. Webster)





Calibrate the distal urethra and identify the distal stop



Transect or not transect the urethra?

Ventral or dorsal graft?

Stricture etiology End-to-end anastomosis Augmented anastomotic repair Trauma **Instrumentation**

Instrumentation Catheter Infection Other

Oral mucosa onlay

1 - 2 cm traumatic bulbar urethral stricture



End-to-end anastomosis







distal end





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proximal end









2 - 4 cm traumatic bulbar urethral stricture



Augmented anastomotic repair



















Ventral or dorsal graft?





Muscle and nerve-sparing ventral onlay graft bulbar urethroplasty






















































	minimum	maximum	mean	
Follow-up (months)	6	139	55	December 31, 2011
Age (years)	14	77	39	

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Muscle and nerve-sparing dorsal onlay graft bulbar urethroplasty



































	minimum	maximum	mean	
Follow-up (months)	7	158	76	December 31, 201
Age (years)	24	77	42	

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45

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Age (years)

73

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Definitive perineal urethrostomy







































Tissue-engineered oral mucosa graft urethroplasty

Fahlenkamp D, Barbagli G, Romano G, Ram-Liebig G

Dresden – Chemnitz (Germany)

2010 - 2011 - 2012



The tissue-engineered oral mucosa graft urethroplasty was performed at the Department of Urology in Chemnitz (Germany), under the direction of Prof. Dirk Falhenkam

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Pre-operative retrograde urethrography





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Post-operative uroflowmetry and urethrography

Our preliminary experience





Oral mucosa

Tissue engineered oral mucosa

Our preliminary experience





Is tissue engineered oral mucosa adaptable for any type of urethroplasty ?

Our preliminary experience



The use of tissue engineered oral mucosa is not a simple surgical procedure and should be performed only in a Centre of excellence for urethral surgery.

Tissue-engineered autologous urethras for patients who need reconstruction: an observational study



Atlantida Raya-Rivera, Diego R Esquiliano, James J Yoo, Esther Lopez-Bayghen, Shay Soker, Anthony Atala

Lancet 2011; 377: 1175-1182

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5 patients (median age 11 years) with recurrent posterior stricture after pelvic trauma

Tissue engineered tubularized urethra created by autologus cells



1cm x 1cm bladder biopsy

Smooth muscle and urothelial cells were collected and cultured

Biodegradable mesh made of polyglycolic acid was tubularized

Urothelial cells were seeded onto the luminal surface and muscle cells onto the outer surface of the tubularized scaffold



Median followup was 71 months

(range 36-76 months)



Conclusions

In the era of robotic surgery, it is also time to change urethral surgery!

- Increase the use of minimally invasive techniques in urethroplasty, reducing the incidence of complications and improving patient quality of life.
- Increase the use of appropriate questionnaires to better evaluate the outcome of urethroplasty.



Conclusions

The future is just outside the door, as tissue engineered material for urethral reconstruction is already available.

How do we use this new grafting material for urethroplasty?